



Semantic Translation of Simulink/Stateflow Models to Hybrid Automata using Graph Transformations

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Overview



- Translation problem
- Tool used: GReAT
- Algorithm with example
- Summary



The translation problem



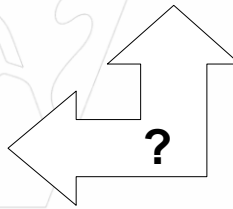
Motivation

Simulink/Stateflow

- *De facto* prototyping and simulation environment for dynamic systems
 - E.g.: Embedded controllers for automobiles
- Large legacy libraries
- No formal verification capability

Hybrid automata

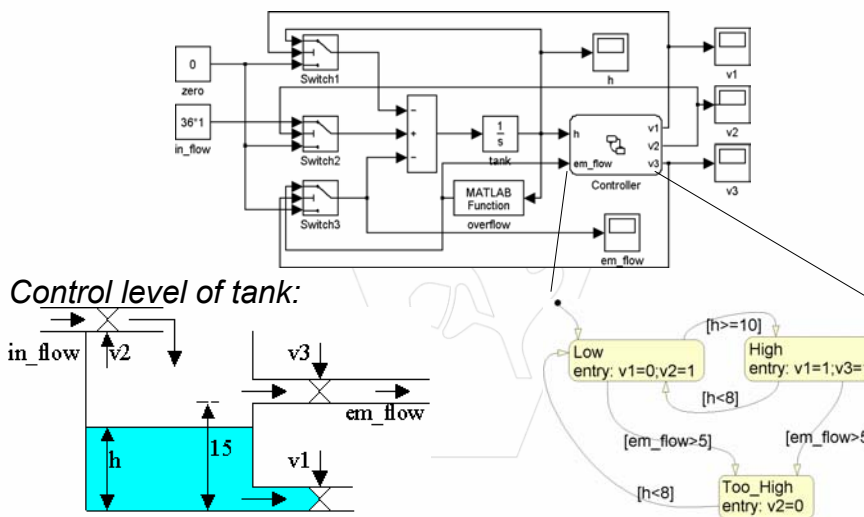
- Mathematical modeling technique
- Formal foundations
- Few real-life examples
- Verification capability



The translation problem



Simulink/Stateflow Example (Input)





The translation problem

Hybrid Automata (Output)



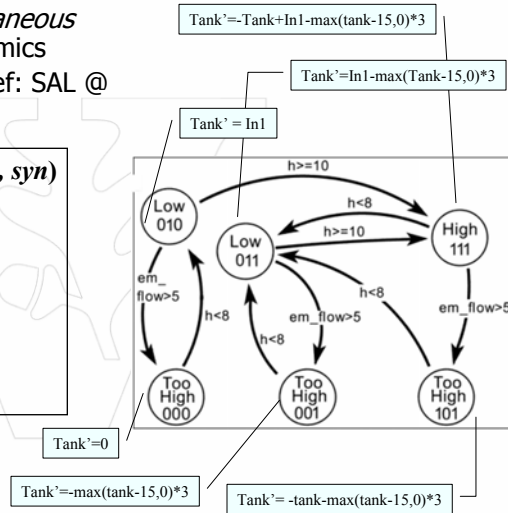
Hybrid Systems:

Dynamic systems with *simultaneous* continuous and discrete dynamics

Hybrid Automata Example (ref: SAL @ U Penn)

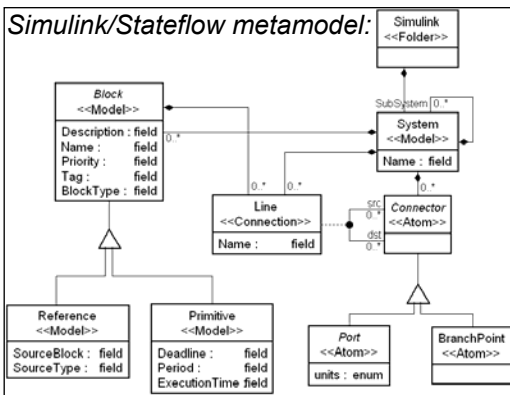
$A = (X, V, flow, inv, init, E, jump, \hat{a}, syn)$

- X : a set of real-valued variables
- V : a set of control modes
- $flow$: a flow condition over X
- inv : a set of invariant over X
- $init$: an initial condition
- E : a set of transitions
- $jump$: a condition for transition
- \hat{a} : a set of events
- syn : a set of synchronization labels

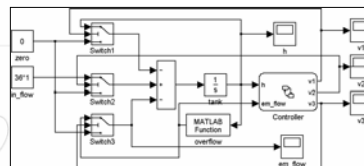


Background

Metamodels as graph grammars



Simulink/Stateflow model:



Visualization

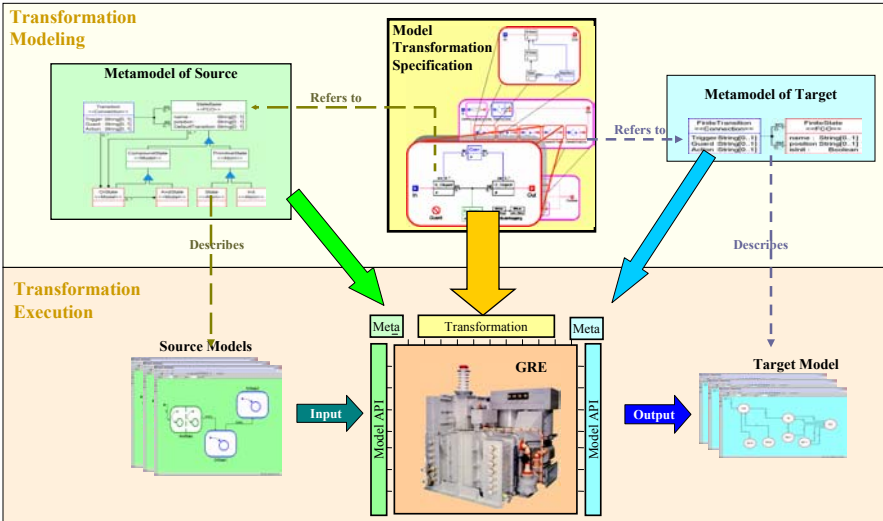
Model Object Network

Graph grammar \dashrightarrow Graph

UML-based metamodels for:
Simulink/Stateflow and HSIF (HA interchange language)



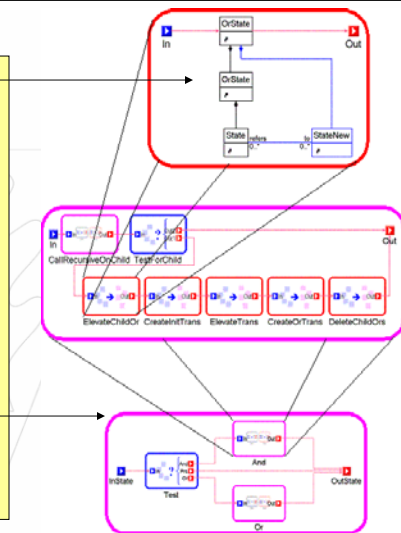
Tool used: GReAT



GReAT: UMT: A Simple Model Transformation Language



1. Pattern specification
 - Pattern variables are typed with their UML classes
 - Cardinality of association-ends is checked
 - Extra (OCL) constraints define guard conditions
2. Graph transformation and rewrite
 - Create new/delete/modify objects
 - Attribute mapping (procedural)
 - "Cross-links": edges between old/new objects
 - Input/output ports: pre-bound pattern variables
3. "High-level" control flow over the rules
 - Port connections imply "data flow" and control flow
 - Hierarchy/Sequencing/Recursion/Branching





Algorithm



1. Stateflow Part

1. Convert to StateChart

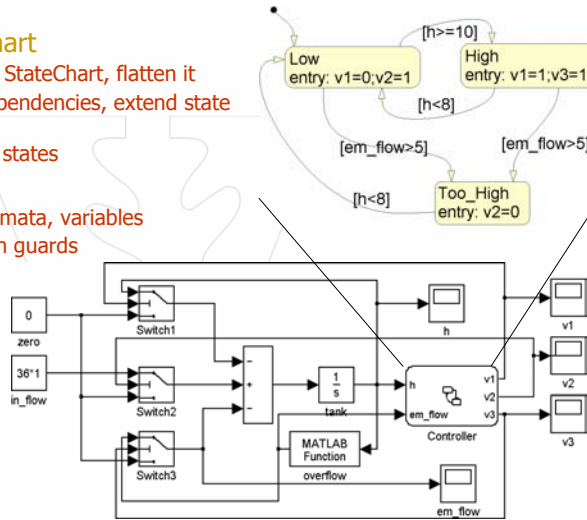
1. Create Hierarchical StateChart, flatten it
2. Determine data dependencies, extend state machines
3. Prune unreachable states

2. Convert to HSIF

1. Create Hybrid Automata, variables
2. Add transitions with guards

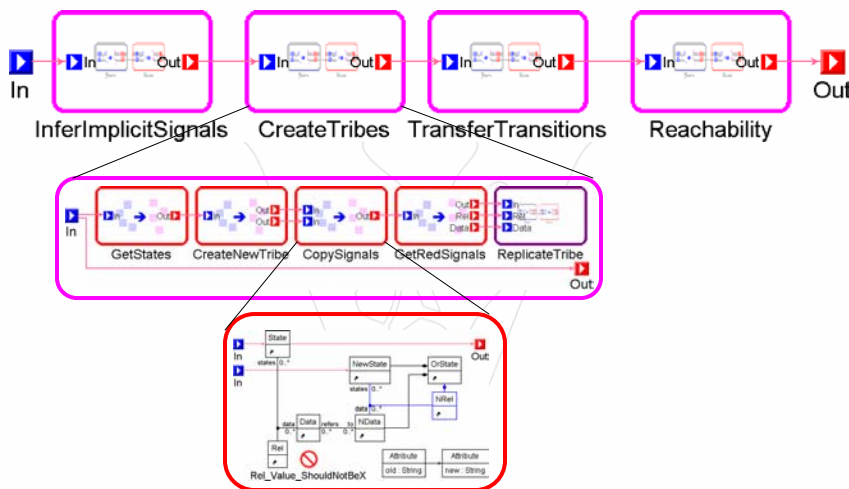
2. Simulink Part

1. Locate associated Hybrid Automata
2. Add variables as needed
3. Derive and add equations



Algorithm

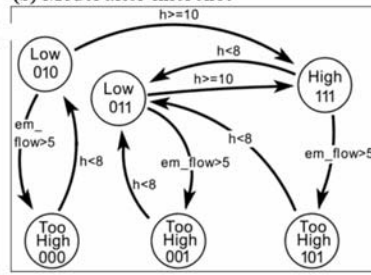
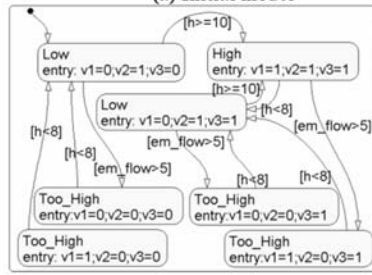
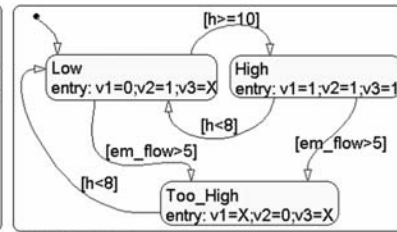
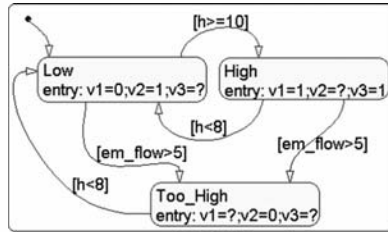
Determine data dependencies, extend state machines





Algorithm

Inferring signals, extending state machines



Status, metrics



- A hierarchal Simulink diagram with the following primitives:
 - Continuous : **Integrator**
 - Math : **Product/Sum/Gain/Abs/Min/Max/Signum/Saturate**
 - Signal and Systems : **Mux/Demux/Ground**
 - Source and Sinks : **Constant/Workspace variables**
 - Nonlinear : **Controlled Switch/Manual Switch**
- The Simulink diagram can contain **any number** of Stateflow diagram.
- Stateflow diagram can be **hierarchical**.
- The Stateflow diagram receives signals from Simulink and can **only produce switching signals** that control the switches.
- Switches **cannot be** controlled by any other Simulink block.
- In Stateflow, the switch control action can **only be performed** in the entry action.

Complexity

- Most algorithms are of polynomial complexity
- Some parts are worst-case exponential:
 - **State-splitting**
 - **Flattening**

Size

- Primitive rules: 154
- Complex rules: 43
- C++ code: ~6000 lines



GReAT in Action



Problem	Developer	GReAT		Hand code
		Primitive Rules # / Compound Rules #	Man hours	LOC
Hierarchical Data Flow (HDF) to Flat Data Flow (FDF)	Staff Eng	11/3	~3	~200
KHORUS to GUDML	MSc Student	19/10	~8	~500
Hierarchical Concurrent State Machine (HCSM) to Finite State Machine (FSM)	PhD Student	21/5	~8	~500
Simulink Stateflow to C code	PhD Researcher	70/50	~25	~2.5K
Matlab Simulink/ Stateflow to Hybrid Automata	PhD Student	154/43	~60	~6K



Summary, further work



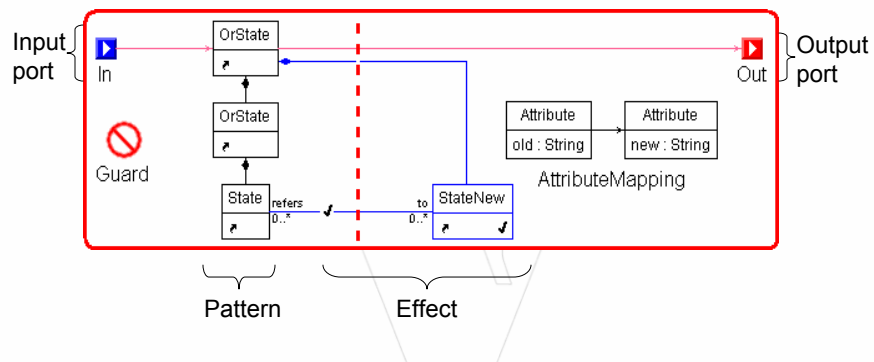
- Tool integration requires translators that convert models created in one tool into semantically equivalent models in other tools. Translators are essential for design automation...*but difficult to build.*
- Graph transformations can be used to solve practical translation problems ... *if good supporting tools are available.*
- Modeling a transformation using GT programs offers an opportunity for reasoning about the transformations --- *A great potential area for research.*



Background slides



UMT A Transformation Rule





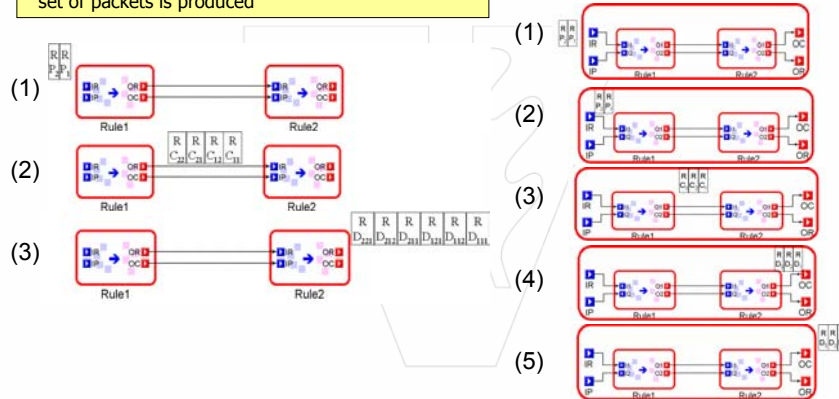
UMT

Rule execution – Rules and Blocks



Rules produce multiple matches: "packets". By default, all packets are consumed by a rule, and new set of packets is produced

"Blocks" are composite rules, with simple composition semantics.



UMT

Rule execution- ForBlocks and Test/Cases



"ForBlocks" process single packets.

Tests are conditional control structures built from Cases.

