

# Metropolis: Design Environment for Heterogeneous Systems

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## Main Characteristics:

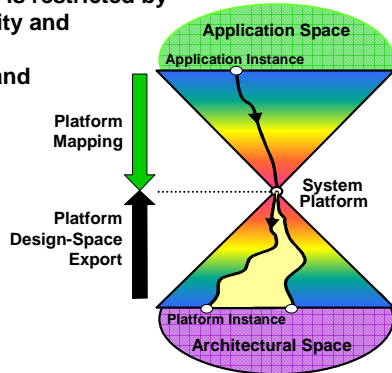
### Platform-Based Design

Facilitate design of complex systems by orthogonalizing key aspects

Separate:

1. Functionality vs. Architecture
2. Computation vs. Communication
3. Behavior vs. Performance

- Platforms eliminate iterations in the design process and allow cheaper design
- Design space is restricted by utilizing regularity and structure
- The number and location of platforms is often domain dependent

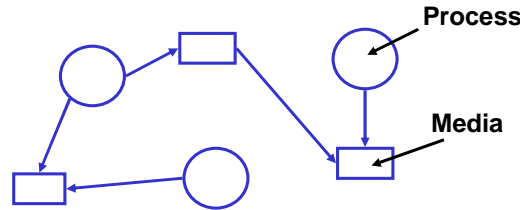


A. Sangiovanni-Vincentelli, *Defining Platform-Based Design*, EE Design, 2002

### Metamodeling

The capability to describe designs with different models of computation within the same framework

- The Metropolis Metamodel specification language is based on the process networks abstract semantics



- Processes are independent threads of control within a system
- They do not interact directly, instead, multiple processes can interact with media
- Media may also interact with each other, but only under the influence of processes
- This abstract semantics can be used to model:
  - Dataflow
  - Continuous Time
  - Finite State Machines
  - And many others ...

### Imperative & Declarative Specification

Tailor the specification style to design needs

- Untimed sequential programs (traditional C/C++/Java) are not well suited for capturing interaction between multiple processes and the environment
- Metropolis supports the traditional imperative paradigm, but also allows declarative constraints to formally capture these complex interactions
- Declarative statements are written over events in a specified logic. An event is just a particular action carried out by a particular process
- Metropolis currently supports two different logics: Linear Temporal Logic (LTL), and Logic of Constraints (LoC)
- Examples:

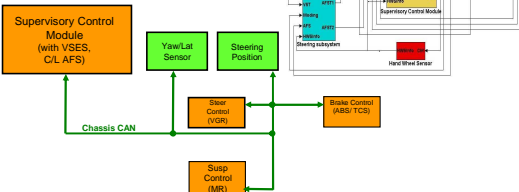
$E(\text{output}[i+1]) - E(\text{output}[i]) < 10$   
 "Energy consumption between subsequent outputs is less than 10 units"

$t(\text{output}[i+2]) - t(\text{output}[i]) = 10$   
 "Two outputs are produced every 10 time units"

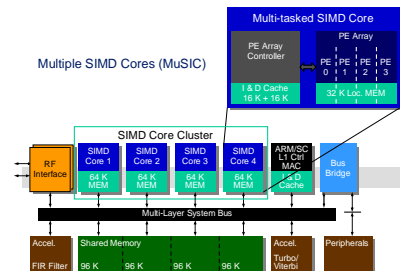
$e_1 \Rightarrow e_2, e_2 \Rightarrow e_1$   
 "Event  $e_2$  is occurs simultaneously with Event  $e_1$ "

## Case Studies:

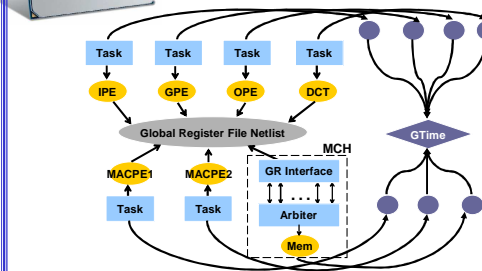
### GM Architectural Design Space Exploration and Fault Tolerant Allocation and scheduling



### Infineon technologies Implementation of multiple wireless protocols on an architectural platform



### intel MXP5800 DIGITAL MEDIA PROCESSOR Design Space exploration for imaging systems



### XILINX Automated characterization of architectural models for instances of the Virtex II platform

