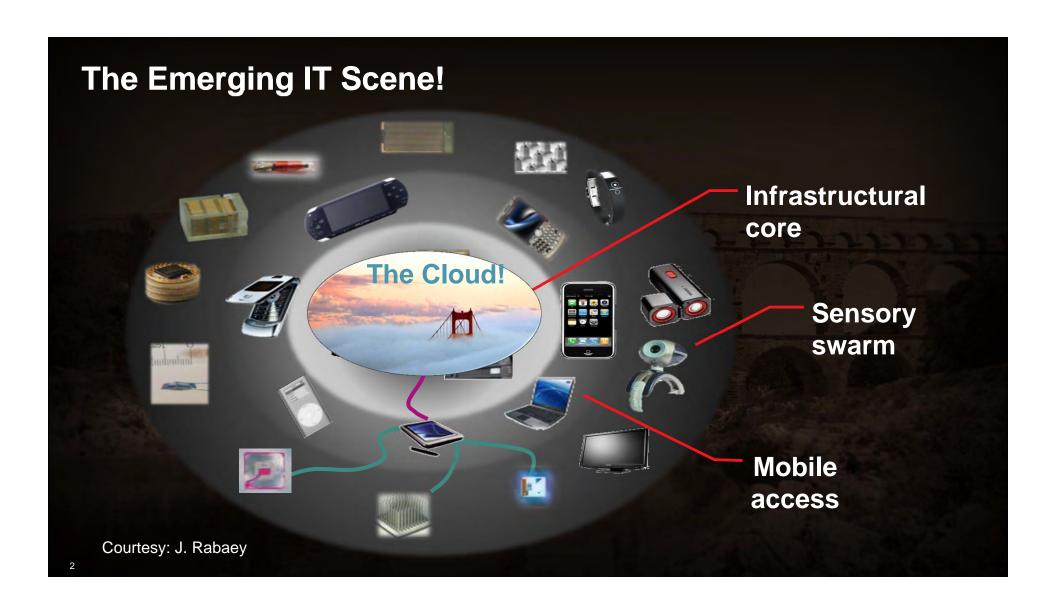


Alberto Sangiovanni-Vincentelli

The Edgar L. and Harold H. Buttner Chair of EECS, University of California at Berkeley





Computers and mobiles to disappear!

Predictions: 7 trillions devices servicing 7 billion people! 1,000 devices per person by 2025



The Immersed Human

Real-life interaction between humans and cyberspace, enabled by enriched input and output devices on and in the body and in the surrounding environment

Courtesy: J. Rabaey



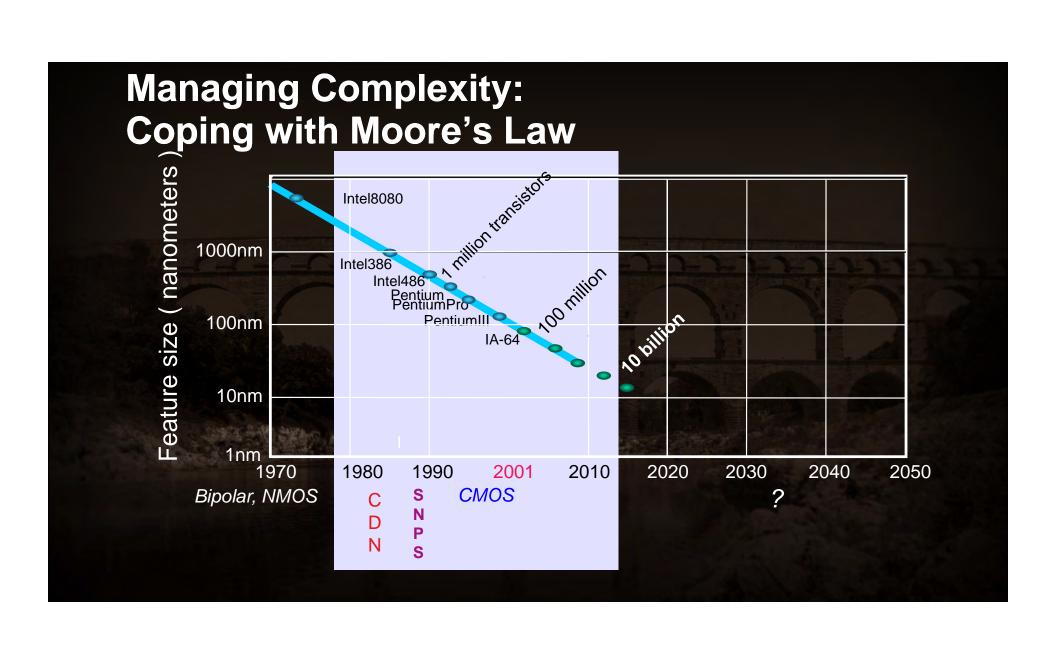
Sma

Apply manag to help availab and quas rela energy

Energy

Co

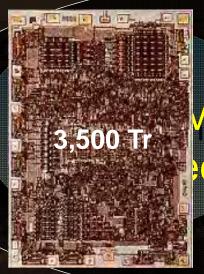




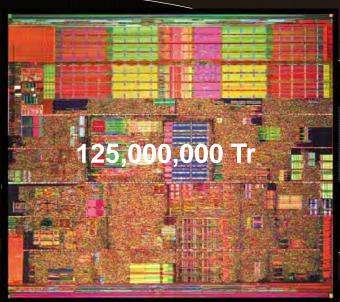


(ASV, Corsi e Ricorsi: The EDA Story, IEEE Solid State Circuits Magazine,

2010)



Method dom fr



Formalization, Rigor, Discipline

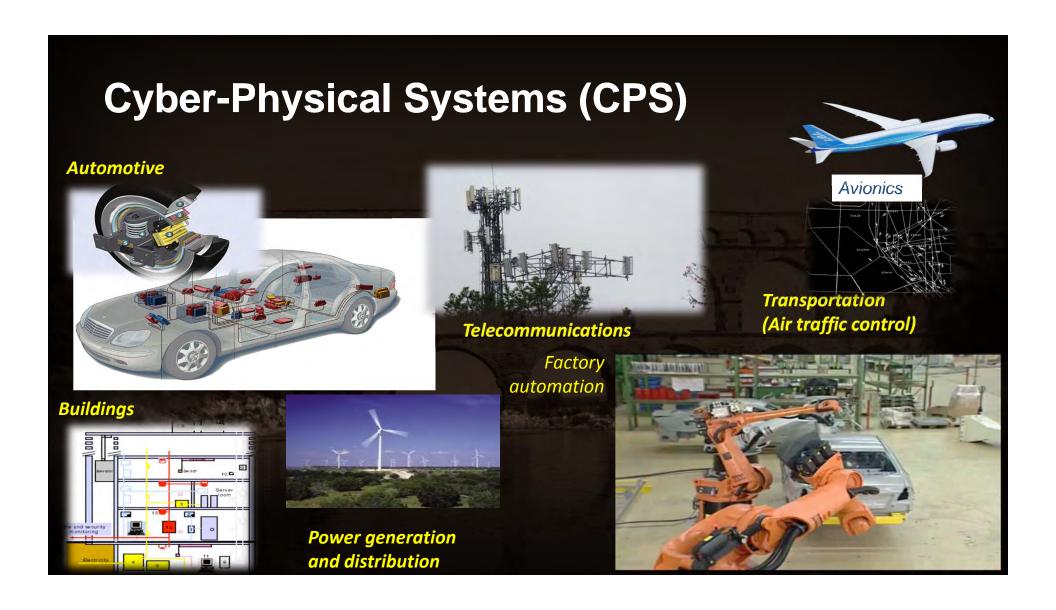
General principles

Verification complexity is managed by:

- Abstraction: reduce the number of items by aggregating objects and by eliminating unnecessary details with respect to the goal at hand
- Decomposition: reduce the number of items to consider by breaking the design object into semi-independent parts (divide et impera)

Design Complexity is managed by "construction" (e.g., automatic layout and logic synthesis):

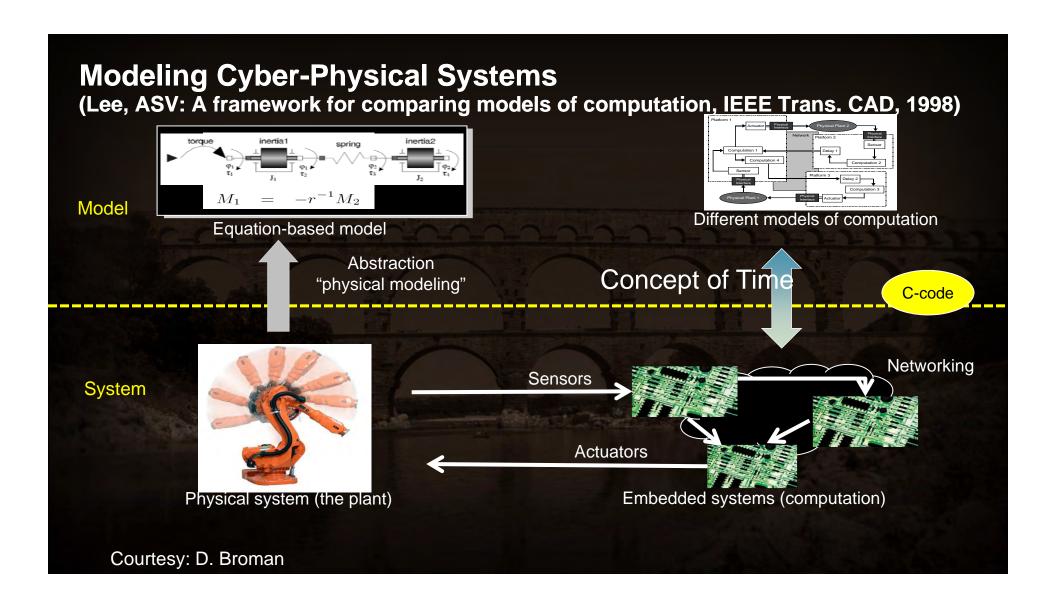
- Refinement: Start high in the abstraction layers and define a number of refinement steps that go from the initial description to the final implementation
- Composition: Assemble designs by composing existing parts



The core of the problem today: CyberPhysical Systems (CPS)

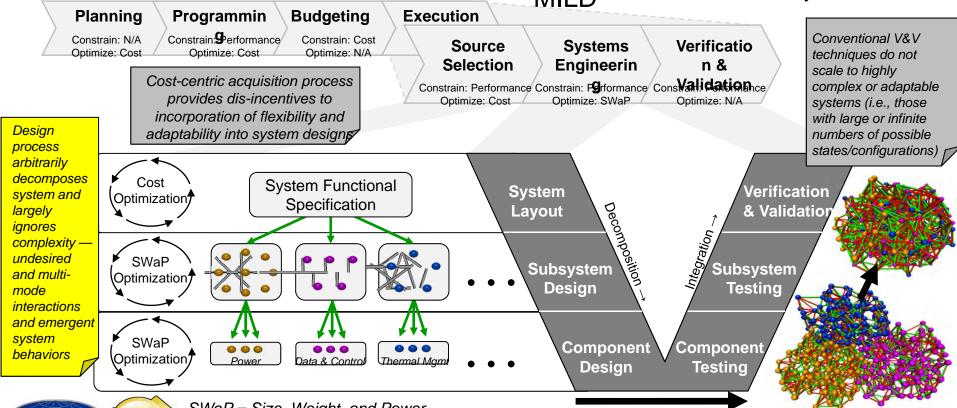
- Computation and networking integrated with physical processes.
- The technical problem is managing dynamics, time, and concurrency in networked, distributed computational + physical systems.

In the year 2054, the entire defense budget will purchase just one aircraft. *Norman Augustine*



Status Quo: There are several areas where change is needed MILD

MIL-STD-499A (1969) systems engineering process: as employed today



TTO
Tactical Technology Office

SWaP = Size, Weight, and Power

Desirable interactions (data, power, forces & torques)

→

Hodesirable interactions (thermal, vibrations, EMI)

Integration Challenges: Plug and Play? Plug and Pray!

The Platform Concept (GSRC: DARPA-SIA)

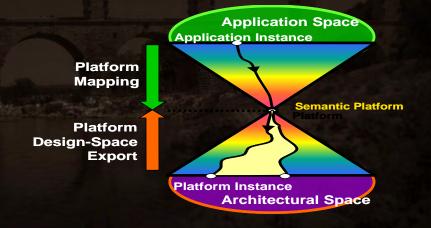
ASV, Quo Vadis, SLD? Reasoning About the Trends and Challenges of System Level Design, Proc. of the IEEE, 2007.

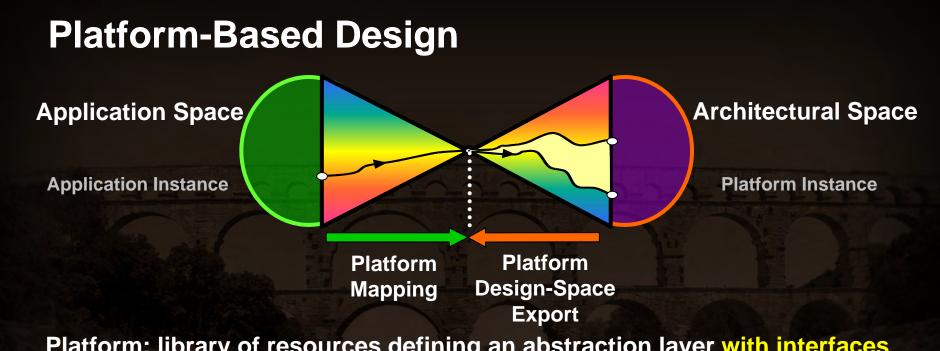
- Meet-in-the-Middle Structured methodology that limits the space of exploration, yet achieves good results in limited time
- A formal mechanism for identifying the most critical hand-off points in the design chain
- A method for design re-use at all abstraction levels

An intellectual framework for the complete electronic design process!

See AUTOSAR, Intel, National Instruments, Cadence, Synopsys, UTC, GM, Magneti Marelli, ELT, Xilinx,....



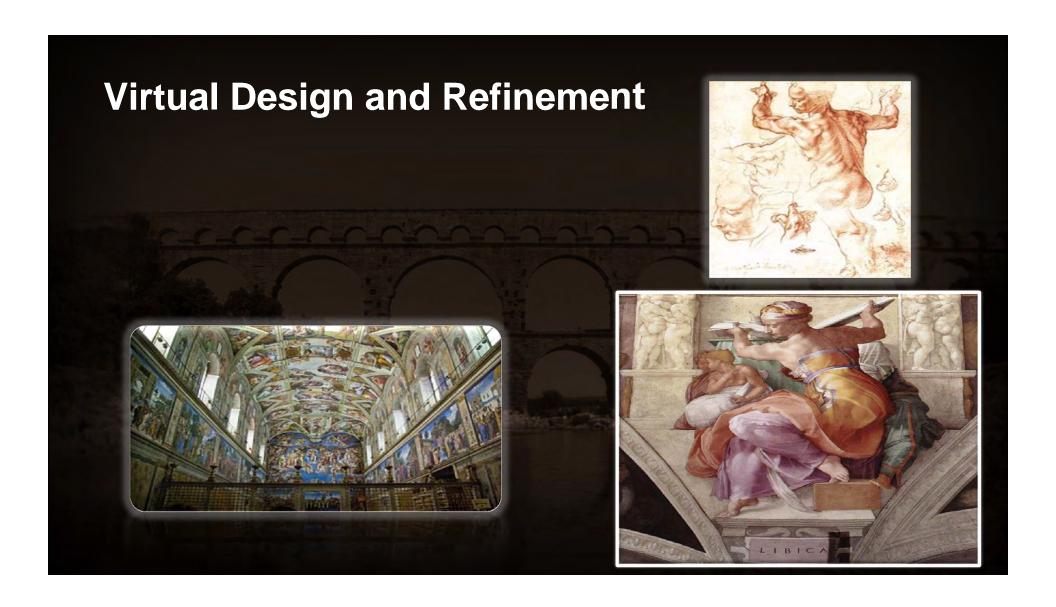




Platform: library of resources defining an abstraction layer with interfaces that identify legal connections

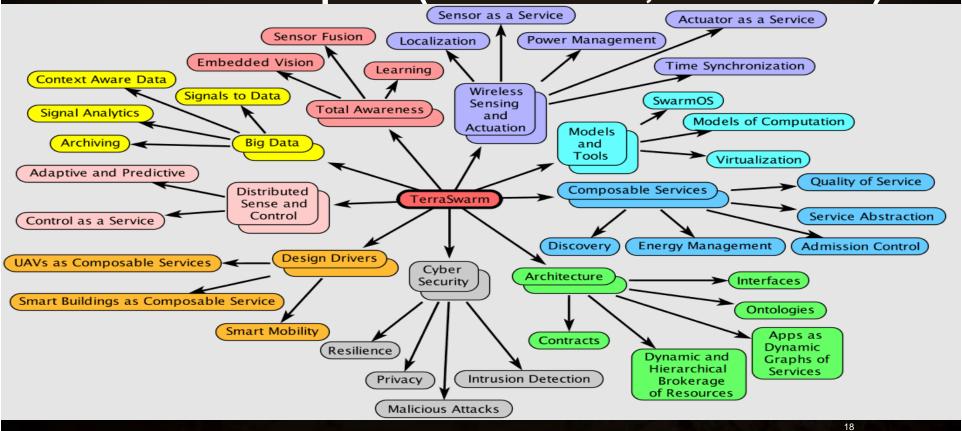
- Resources do contain virtual components i.e., placeholders that will be customized in the implementation phase to meet constraints
- Very important resources are interconnections and communication protocols

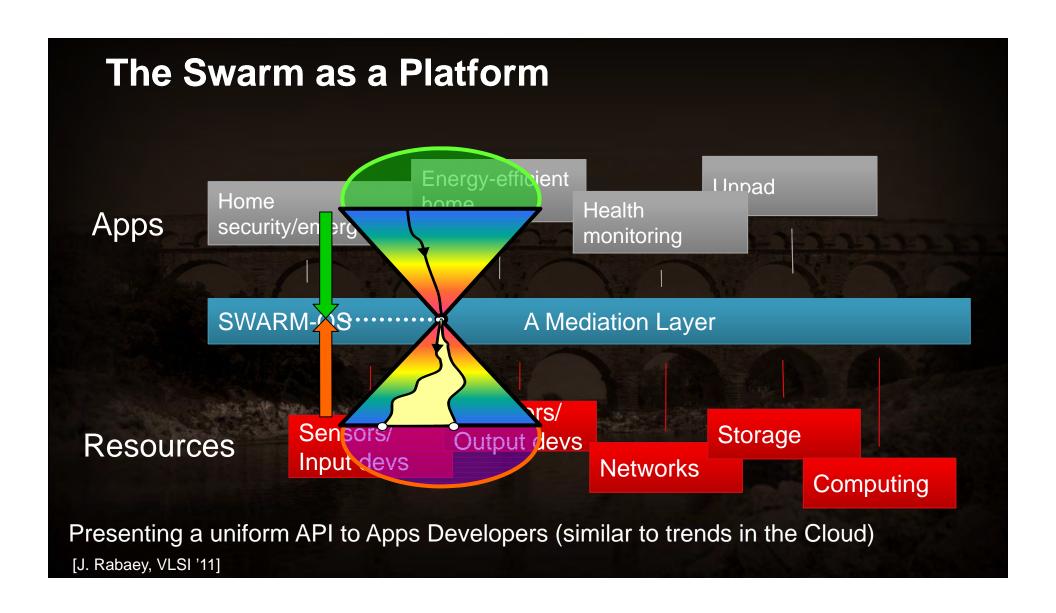
Separation of Concerns: Keep the What Separated from the How (see AUTOSAR) Behavior Components Virtual Architectural Components IPs C-Code **CPUs Operating Buses** Matlab Dymola **Systems Analysis Development Process Behavior Specification** (FI GD Bus **Mapping Evaluation of Architectural Performance** and **Analysis Partitioning Alternatives Implementation** Refinement



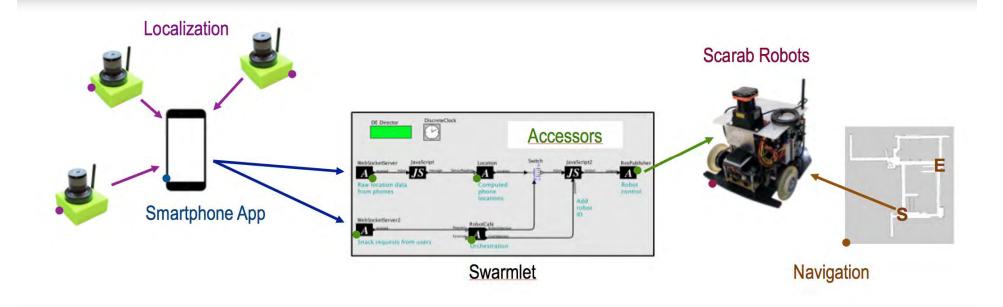


Designing a Swarm System: The Problem Space (TerraSwarm, DARPA-SIA)





SwarmBox Delivery Service (STARnet Arena, Area A1)



Platform-based Design Environment for Synthetic Biological Systems

(D. Densmore, Boston University)

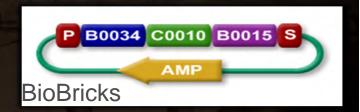
Synthetic Biology:

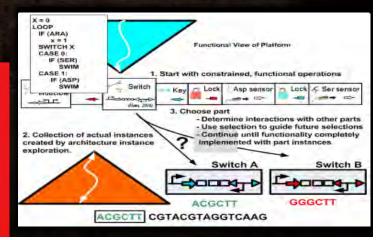
The creation of novel biological functions and tools by modifying or integrating well-characterized biological components into higher-order systems using mathematical modeling to direct the construction towards the desired end product.

Building life from the ground up (Jay Keasling, UCB)

Development of foundational technologies:

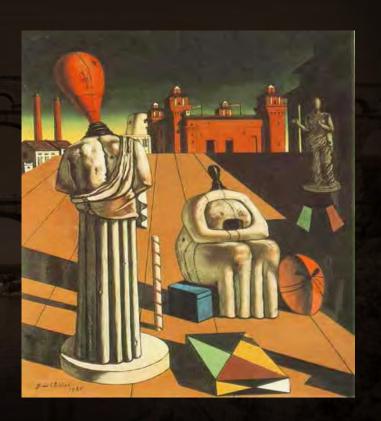
- Tools for hiding information and managing complexity
- Core components that can be used in
 combination reliably





Final Words of Wisdom





Essential Ingredients

Library of re-usable components

- Verified, tested, parametrized
- Interfaces defined and standardized
- MODELS!!! For verification, testing, analysis
- Organized hierarchically with clear relationships established

Methodology

- To develop additional components
- To define architectures for product families
- To derive models
- To assemble components
- To verify

Organization

- Rigor in adding components and verifying compliance for library insertion
- Standard work to encode and enforce methodology

Education and Training

The Way Forward

- Everything is Connected:
 - Society, Electronic and System Industry facing an array of complex problems from design to manufacturing involving complexity, power, reliability, re-configurability, integration....
- Complexity is growing more rapidly than ever seen
- Interactions among subsystems increasingly more difficult to predict
- Pre-existing systems put to work to provide new services
- Need work at all levels: Methodology, Modeling, Tools, Algorithms
- Deep collaboration among
 - Governments, industry, and research centers
 - Different Disciplines: Control, Communication, Computer Science, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Biology.....